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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/706,726	11/12/2003	Peter Streuer	054821-0877	7254
26371 7	590 03/13/2006		EXAMINER	
FOLEY & LARDNER LLP 777 EAST WISCONSIN AVENUE SUITE 3800			LEWIS, BEN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MILWAUKEE	E, WI 53202-5308		1745	

DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comme		10/706,726 STREUER, PETER		:		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	:		
		Ben Lewis	1745	_		
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_	on of Claims					
•	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	la) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.				
5)🖾	Claim(s) <u>4-7 and 12</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 10-11</u> is/are rejected.			1		
7)	Claim(s) <u>8 and 9</u> is/are objected to.					
8) 🔲 (Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application	on Papers			; ; ;		
9)□ 1	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		i :		
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the			. !		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			: 1(d). :		
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	•			
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	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119			}		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	:		
a)[☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
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	Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage	:		
	application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		:		
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Detailed Action

The Applicant's amendment filed on December 23rd, 2005 was received. Claims
 1, 4, 11 and 12 were amended.

2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S.C. code not included in this action can be found in the prior Office Action (issued on September 23rd, 2005).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. Claims 1-3 and 9-11are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Thomas et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,277,517 B1).

With respect to claims 1, 2 and 11, Thomas et al teach that the present invention provides a battery of the type having electrolyte therein, comprising a case defining at least one electrolyte containing cell, and a primary cover bonded to the case. The primary cover has a barrel extending into the electrolyte cell. A secondary cover bonded to the primary cover top, and an aperture concentric with the primary cover barrel. A baffling plug is disposed in the secondary cover aperture and extends into the barrel (Col 2 lines 60-67); (Col 3 lines 1-4). Thomas et al further teach that in FIGS. 3 and 6, baffling plug 90 is pressed into the fill hole 80 formed in the secondary cover 40 to inhibit the escape of the electrolyte from the cells. Each baffling plug 90 has a lid 94 with a bottom 96, a pair of tubular splash guards 42, 43 extending from the lid bottom

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(Col 7 lines 51-57).

96, and a retaining member 88 for retaining the plug 90 in the fill hole 80. The splash guards include a coaxially arranged outer tubular splash guard 42 and inner tubular splash guard 43. When the plug 90 is pressed into the fill hole 80 the splash guards 42, 43 extend into the barrels 22 of the primary cover 20. In the preferred embodiment, the retaining member 88 is formed as an integral part of the outer splash guard 42 (Col 7 lines 6-18). The outer tubular splash guards 42a-f have slots 44a-f formed through their surfaces. Explosive gases evolved in the cells escape through these slots 44a-f. The preferred embodiment has four slots for each outer tubular splash guard 42. The slots are formed symmetrically and extend from the lower tip toward the retaining member 88 (Col 7 lines 44-50). Each inner tubular splash guard 43 is aligned coaxially with a respective outer tubular splash guard 42 and defines an inner chamber 45 at its center

With respect to claim 3, Thomas et al teach that each inner tubular splash guard 43 is aligned coaxially with a respective outer tubular splash guard 42 and defines an inner chamber 45 at its center. The only opening into the inner chamber 45 is through its bottom opening, so any evolved gases and electrolyte driven into the inner chamber 45 are returned to the cells through the bottom opening of the inner chamber 45 (Col 7 lines 51-57).

With respect to claim 9, Thomas et al teach that the tubular splash guards 42, 43 operate to knock electrolytes back into the cells when the battery is being vibrated (Col 7 lines 58-67).

With respect to claim 10, Thomas et al teach that each plug 90a-f is retained in the respective fill hole 80a-f by the respective retaining member 88a-f. In the preferred embodiment, the retaining member 88 is a wedge-shaped flange surrounding the annular base 92 having an angled surface 106 extending from the base bottom 96 outwardly toward the base top 94, and an orthogonal surface 88 extending radially away from the base 88. Forcing the plug 90 into the fill hole 80 compresses the retaining member 88 against the retention member inner wall 84 to create an interference press fit which seals the fill hole 80 and retains the plug 90 therein.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 4. Claims 8-9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claims 8-9 would be allowable because the prior art does not disclose or suggest having a rechargeable battery wherein the sealing plug is formed from an electrically conductive plastic.
- 5. Claims 4-7 and 12 are allowed. Claims 4-7 and 12 are allowable because the closest prior arts of record, Thomas et al, do not disclose or suggest a rechargeable

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battery comprising at least one of a state of charge indicator and an acid level indicator attached to the upper part of the sealing plug and passing through the lower part of the sealing plug cavity.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed on December 23rd, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's principle arguments are

(a) Thomas et al. does not identically disclose a "rechargeable battery" comprising, among other elements, a "splash basket" that "surrounds a cavity and has slots distributed over its circumference, the slots continuing as far as a free end of the splash basket and having a width that broadens with increasing distance from the free end of the splash bucket."

In response to Applicant's arguments, please consider the following comments.

(a) Thomas et al teach that the present invention provides a battery of the type having electrolyte therein, comprising a case defining at least one electrolyte containing cell, and a primary cover bonded to the case. The primary cover has a barrel extending into the electrolyte cell. A secondary cover bonded to the primary cover top, and an

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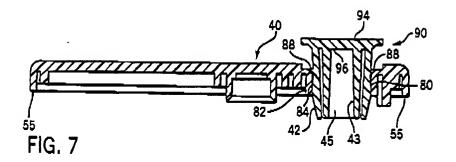
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aperture concentric with the primary cover barrel. A baffling plug is disposed in the secondary cover aperture and extends into the barrel (Col 2 lines 60-67); (Col 3 lines 1-4). Thomas et al further teach that in FIGS. 3 and 6, baffling plug 90 is pressed into the fill hole 80 formed in the secondary cover 40 to inhibit the escape of the electrolyte from the cells. Each baffling plug 90 has a lid 94 with a bottom 96, a pair of tubular splash guards 42, 43 extending from the lid bottom 96, and a retaining member 88 for retaining the plug 90 in the fill hole 80. The splash guards include a coaxially arranged outer tubular splash quard 42 and inner tubular splash guard 43. When the plug 90 is pressed into the fill hole 80 the splash guards 42, 43 extend into the barrels 22 of the primary cover 20. In the preferred embodiment, the retaining member 88 is formed as an integral part of the outer splash guard 42 (Col 7 lines 6-18). The outer tubular splash guards 42a-f have slots 44a-f formed through their surfaces. Explosive gases evolved in the cells escape through these slots 44a-f. The preferred embodiment has four slots for each outer tubular splash guard 42. The slots are formed symmetrically and extend from the lower tip toward the retaining member 88 (Col 7 lines 44-50). Each inner tubular splash guard 43 is aligned coaxially with a respective outer tubular splash guard **42** and defines an inner chamber **45** at its center (Col 7 lines 51-57).

Furthermore, Fig. 7 of Thomas et al discloses a plug wherein the slots continue as far as a free end of the splash basket and having a width that broadens with increasing distance from the free end of the splash bucket.

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Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicants disclosure. Richter et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,733,921 B2) teach a rechargeable electric battery including a cover for the box which has closure plugs and/or acid state indicatiors fitted in a gas-tight manner to openings therein, wherein at least a portion of an inner surface of the battery is electrically conductive.

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Ben Lewis

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 1745

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